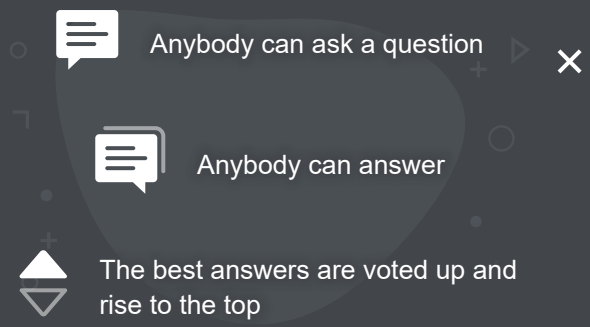


Unix & Linux Stack Exchange is a question and answer site for users of Linux, FreeBSD and other Un\*x-like operating systems. It only takes a minute to sign up.

[Sign up to join this community](#)



# UNIX & LINUX



## VNC-Server as a virtual X11 monitor to expand screen

Asked 6 years, 6 months ago   Active 3 years, 6 months ago   Viewed 17k times

▲ From a currently running X11 session, I would like to provide/run a [VNC](#) server such that it appears to my system as a second, “virtual” monitor – i.e. so that I can position it using `xrandr` and drag/position windows onto it.

15

▼ How, if at all, could I achieve that?



7

Edit: More info from OP in comments: "Also asked [here](#), without an answer. "



[x11](#) [vnc](#) [xrandr](#) [multi-monitor](#)

[Share](#) [Improve this question](#)

[Follow](#)

edited Sep 9 '17 at 16:31



**Jeff Schaller** ♦

58.5k ● 30 ● 91 ● 203

asked Sep 19 '14 at 12:54



**Joachim Breitner**

1,238 ● 2 ● 15 ● 25

2 Answers

[Active](#)

[Oldest](#)

[Votes](#)



tl;dr: Force a "virtual" output of your gfx card to a display mode, and export that with [x11vnc](#) .

13



You can achieve this, but there are a few prerequisites:



- A graphics card with multi-head capabilities (= can render several "desktop" surfaces). Which is most cards these days.



- [x11vnc](#) , [a mature software](#) (`x11vnc`) to export X11 surfaces (among others) to [VNC](#) clients.

Most consumer cards these days can render several different outputs. Mine can do 3, out of the 5 that `xrandr` shows (eDP1,HDMI[12],DP[12]).

- Pick an unused output from `xrandr` , in my example `HDMI2` .
- Pick a resolution for the screen of the vnc client, and [generate a mode](#):

```
$ cvt 1920 1080
# 1920x1080 59.96 Hz (CVT 2.07M9) hsync: 67.16 kHz; pclk: 173.00 MHz
Modeline "1920x1080_60.00" 173.00 1920 2048 2248 2576 1080 1083 1088 1120
-hsync +vsync
```

- Add that mode to `xrandr`

```
xrandr --newmode "1920x1080_60" 173.00 1920 2048 2248 2576 1080 1083 1088
1120 -hsync +vsync
```

- Put e.g. `HDMI2` in that mode, and attach to the right of `eDP1` (Main screen)

```
xrandr --addmode HDMI2 1920x1080_60
--output HDMI2 --mode 1920x1080_60 --right-of eDP1
```

- Now export that with `x11vnc` , choosing the appropriate offset:

```
x11vnc -display :0 -clip 1920x1080+1600+0 <other options>
```

Note: Add desired encryption/authentication/other options to that command.

- Now connect to with a VNC client to your "virtual monitor". (or modify above command to connect to a "listening" VNC-client.

[Share](#) [Improve this answer](#) [Follow](#)

answered Dec 8 '16 at 23:00



[Alex Stragies](#)

4,828 ● 2 ● 25 ● 52

- 
- 1 With the notebook screen and a VGA monitor it fails saying `xrandr: Configure crtc 2 failed` . If I use only one screen (either VGA or embedded one) it works. How can I make it work with both screens? – [Zhigalin - Reinstate CMs Oct 13 '17 at 18:50](#)
-



7

See [this answer](#) to be able to use VIRTUAL1 instead of a real output like HDMI2, and be able to manage it (select resolution, arrange desktop geometry, clone or extend) in the desktop environment screen settings like any other physical monitor.



[Share](#) [Improve this answer](#) [Follow](#)

answered Sep 11 '17 at 10:11



[Rafael Godínez Pérez](#)

191 ● 2 ● 4